





www.orientbell.com





About OBL

Orient Bell Limited (OBL) is amongst the largest manufacturers of Wall and Floor Tiles. Established in 1977, OBL has been a pioneer in the Industry with a focus on customer-centric innovation.

First to manufacture ultra-vitrified tiles, new product designs & development is a continuous process at OBL. As a result it has an extensive range of tiles with various finishes & textures. It has 4 patent-pending technologies: Forever Tiles, GermFree Tiles, Cool Tiles & Life Tiles.

To display extensive range of tiles, we have a chain of signature showrooms. Privileged to be associated with premier architects and construction agencies of the country, it also counts most leading developers as well as government & public sector institutions as its customers.



- The ISO 9001:2015 accreditation for our quality control management systems reflects the quest for manufacturing international standard products.
- In 2015 our Sikandarabad plant was awarded with prestigious ISI certification for its products.
- In May 2000, OBL was awarded ISO 14001 certification by the internationally recognised BSI Management Systems, UK.
- Our manufacturing units are ISO 14001:2015 certified, the most complete and global expression for an environment friendly industrial company.
- We have been awarded OHSAS 18001 Certification for Health & Safety Standards. No waste water is ever discharged from our factory.
- We were also awarded with "Certificate Of Merit" in 'National Energy Conservation Award' 2016 organised by Ministry of Power for saving Power and Fuel consumption.





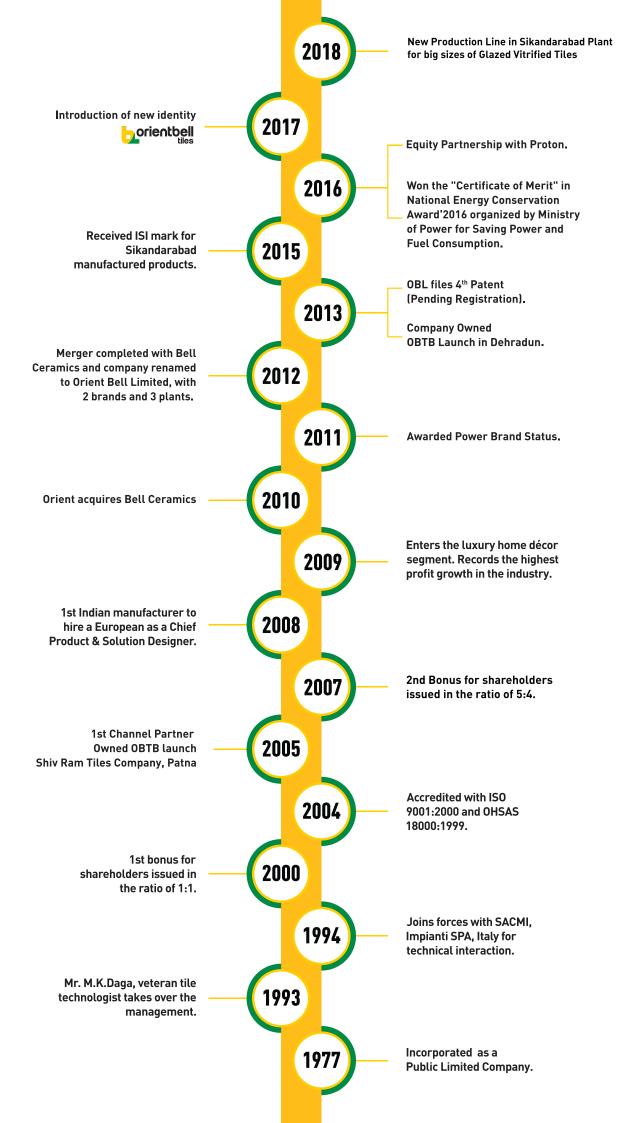








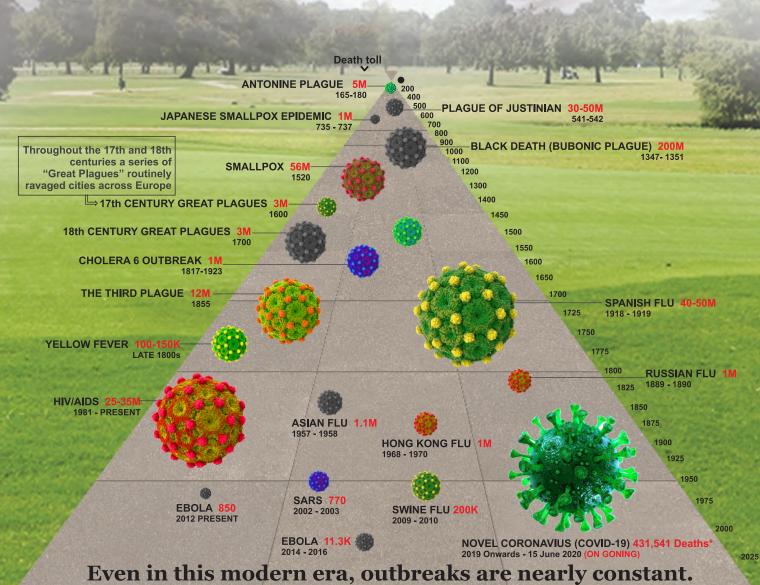




HISTORY OF EPIDEMICS

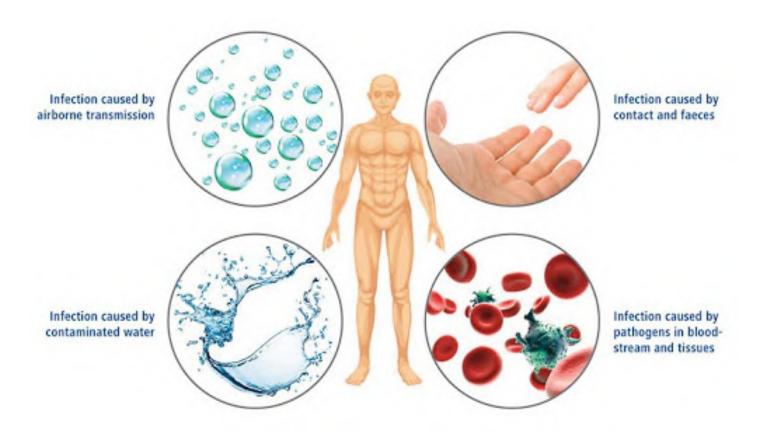
THROUGHOUT HISTORY, as humans spread across the world, infectious diseases have been a constant companion

Here are some of history's most deadly pandemics and epidemics, from the Antonine Plague to Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)



The company does not claim that the 'Germ Free Tiles' cure, mitigate, treat or prevent any infectious viral or other diseases. *As per WHO Update as of 7:35pm CEST, 15 June 2020, available at https://covid19.who.int/

THE MECHANISM OF INFECTION



WHAT RESULTS IN PANDEMIC

It happens when a microbe becomes capable of spreading rapidly among the human race.



A pandemic is usually caused by

- -bacteria that become resistant to antibiotic treatment.
- -a new virus strain or subtype that becomes easily transmissible between humans, or



Humans may have little or no immunity against a new microbe?



If microbe starts to spread between people, it would spread easily and a pandemic can result.

In such cases, the first priority is to prevent its transmission.

CONTAINMENT IS THE KEY TO PREVENTION OF PANDEMIC

A few proven ways for containment



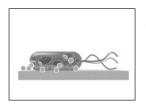
HAND SANITIZERS: Chemicals / thermal treatment / radiation to kill microbes on the hand



MASS AREA SANITIZERS: Chemical / thermal treatment / Radiation treatment (UV / IR) / static electrical shock to prevent the growth of microbial population in particular area.



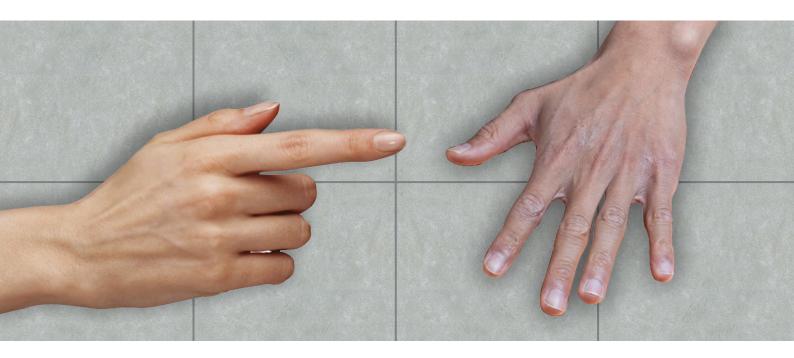
MASK AND OTHER PPEs: Special kind of masks / gloves / body suits that stop transmission of virus to the human body.



ANTI-MICROBIAL SURFACE: This is a special surface which kills the microbe that come into its contact and prevents transmission to the next person.

^{-&}quot;Disinfection & Sterilization Guidelines". Guidelines Library: Infection Control. CDC. 28 December 2016. Archived from the original on 12 January 2018. https://www.livescience.com/face-mask-new-coronavirus.html
Yamada, H (2010). "Direct Observation and Analysis of Bacterial Growth on an Antimicrobial Surface". Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 76 (16): 5409–5414.

WHAT DID WE OBSERVE IN COVID-19





Rapid transmission of virus from one person to another



High rate of infection via Indirect transmission



Hospitals



Airports

Infections spread maximum from certain hot spots



Testing Labs

Metro Stations

Lift and lift lobbies

Office buildings

Other High transmission risk areas Testing Labs Building common areas (corridors, lift and lift lobbies) Any high traffic area (railway stations, metros, office buildings)

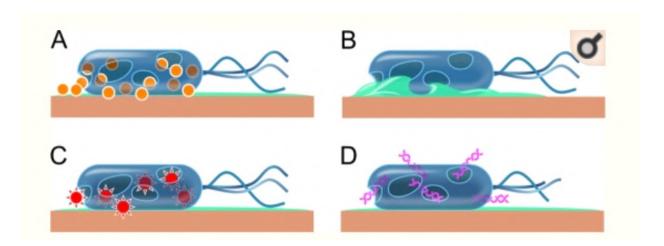
ADVANTAGES OF ANTI-MICROBIAL SURFACES AGAINST OTHER METHODS OF CONTAINMENT

	Hand sanitizers and mass area sanitizers	Mask and other PPEs	Anti-microbial Surface
Independent of Human actions	X	X	Υ
Independent of behavioral compliance	X	X	Y
Uniformity of effectiveness	X	X	Υ
Works 24x7	X	X	Υ
Continuously and actively kills Microbes	X	X	Y
Requires frequent ordering and stocking	Υ	Υ	N
Result →	Dependent on Manual Intervention		Kills microbes even between cleanings

It is very important to reduce the microbe population, if possible to completely kill those while it is waiting on the surface for indirect transmission. Here an anti-microbial chemical treated surface will come to help resolve the issue. The other methods of killing or preventing transmission of microbes may still be used in conjunction with the anti-microbial surface.

HOW DOES A GERM FREE SURFACE WORK

- A: Nano Particles from Germ Free Surface interact with microbe and cause cells damage
- B: The cell membrane ruptures because of nano particles leading to loss of cytoplasmic content
- C: Nano particles ions induce reactive oxygen generation which further causes cell damage
- D: Genomic and Plasmid DNA becomes degraded



Depiction of tentative events in contact killing*

*ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3067274/

Anti-microbial surfaces only restrict indirect transmission, and do not reduce the risk of direct transmission of any infection. The methods to restrict/prevent direct transmission, as advised by the relevant Health Authorities, must be followed.

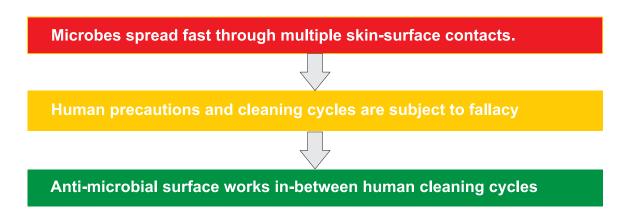
TYPES OF ANTI-MICROBIAL SURFACE

- As per a survey of industrially available technologies done globally there is a combination of surface coatings explored worldwide. The surface coatings
 - with nano-embedded particles in organic matrix less durable
 - -with nano-embedded particles in inorganic matrix more durable



OBL tiles contain nano-particle embedded inorganic coatings. These are more durable because of their inherent capability to withstand weathering and consequential damage.

IN SUMMARY

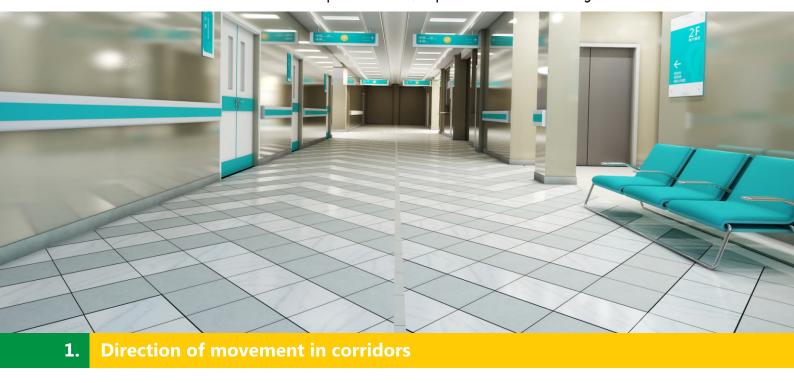


ZONING

Zoning can be done by use of different coloured tiles in different areas, like floors of rooms, Corridors, reception, OPD, etc. Can be of different colors to depict each zone.

With large number of patients with a wide variety of diseases moving in the premises, it is critical to prevent spread of infection.

Tiles can be used as markers to depict direction, separation and distancing:





2. Distance to be maintained in high traffic areas like reception, billing and OPD.

OTHER OBL SOLUTIONS SUITABLE FOR HEALTH CARE

FOREVER TILES

OBL Forever Tiles are scratch proof and ideal for rough floor usage areas like:



- •Corridors with regular trolley and stretcher movement
- Store rooms with oxygen cylinders
- Areas with Mobile diagnosis Equipment

OBL FT are rated 8 on Moh's Scale for hardness and thus would prevent scratches from almost everything in a hospital environment.

COOL TILES FOR THE ROOF





5 STAR Benefits with OBL Cool Tiles

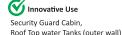
Comfortable Interiors

Summer responsive Roof and walls reduce the room temperature by upto 8 Degrees Celsius



Energy Saving

Lesser room temperature means lesser electricity consumption of AC



Additional Advantage Slip Resistant. Cooler surface to Walk on.

Forever Tiles or Cool tiles do not use Germ Free technology.

CUSTOMIZED MURAL FOR YOUR HEALTHCARE SETUP

•OBL can provide a Tiles Mural of any image you may want. Step up the positive appeal of your hospital with a mural designed as per your need.:



Use a Mural

- •For Reception Map of India or a Map of your Hospital)
- •For Paediatrics Department Lively murals to cheer up little ones
- •For Corridors Safety Instructions
- •For Bathrooms Right way to wash your hands

Advantages:

- •Permanent, don't get damaged
- •Easy to clean and maintain
- •Higher Aesthetic Appeal compared to charts and notice boards



600X600 mm	
PGVT PORINO BEIGE	01-02
PGVT PORINO IVORY	03
PGVT MAKRANA BIANCO	04-05
PGVT S-TRAVERTINO BEIGE	06
PGVT-S STATUARIO SPECIAL	07-08
300X450 mm / 300X300 mm	
SUNNY IVORY OT 4572	09
PLAIN MOON IVORY	09
ODG ALBERTA BEIGE	10-11
ODG ALBERTA BROWN	10-11
ODM ALBERTA (EC) BROWN FL	10-11
ODG D-LITE GREY LT	12-13
ODG D-LITE GREY DK	12-13
ODM D-LITE GREY LT FL	12-13
300X600 mm / 300X300 mm	
ODG VICTORIA BEIGE	14-15
ODG VICTORIA BROWN	14-15
ODM VICTORIA (EC) BEIGE FL	14-15
ODH KOLAM BROWN HL	16
GFT LINE STAR WHITE	16
GLACIER WHITE FL	16







PGVT PORINO BEIGE

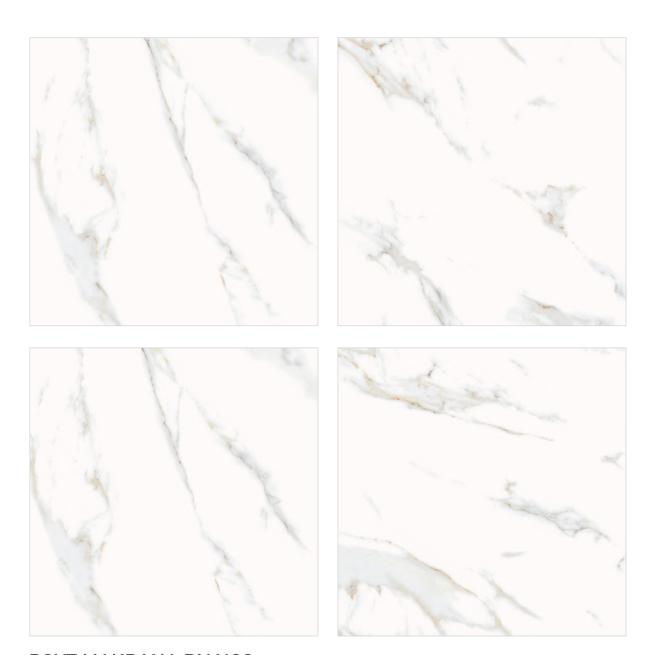




PGVT PORINO IVORY







PGVT MAKRANA BIANCO





PGVT S-TRAVERTINO BEIGE







PGVT-S STATUARIO SPECIAL

Digital Ceramic / 300X450 mm / 300X300 mm











ODG ALBERTA BEIGE



ODG ALBERTA BROWN



ODM ALBERTA (EC) BROWN FL







ODG D-LITE GREY LT



ODG D-LITE GREY DK



ODM D-LITE GREY LT FL







ODG VICTORIA BEIGE



ODG VICTORIA BROWN



ODM VICTORIA (EC) BEIGE FL





ODH KOLAM BROWN HL



GFT LINE STAR WHITE





SHRIRAM INSTITUTE FOR INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

(A unit of Shriram Scientific and Industrial Research Foundation) An ISO - 9001:2008 Certified Institute

TEST CERTIFICATE

000247052

Issued to:

ORIENT BELL LIMITED. 8. INDUSTRIAL AREA.

SIKANDRABAD - 203205,UTTAR PARDESH

J.O.No.

207-111-1007

Reg.No.

1333612 31-07-2012

Date

Your Ref.No.

GC-01 (REV-04)

p.o. no. oc/skd/p ur/jo/080

Kind Attn: MR. G. S. TYAGI, SR. MGR. PURCHASE

Sample Particulars:

10.07.2012

One sample of Nand Tech Germ Free Tiles, Size 600x600 was received.

TEST RESULTS

TEST

PROTOCOL

Evaluation of Antimicrobial activity of the Tile sample.

As per guidelines of JIS - Z 2801-2000

TEST ORGANISM

Escherichia coli Staphylococcus aureus

SAMPLE SIZE

50mm X 50mm

1. Antibacterial Resistance against Escherichia coli

S. No.	Control Sample (marked as untreated)	Count per Piece of control, (in cfu/Piece)	Conc. of Inoculum {Average count , (in cfu/piece)
1.	Number of bacteria inoculated per piece at 0 Hrs(A)	7.2×10^{5} 7.6×10^{5} 7.2×10^{5}	7.3 × 10 ⁵
2.	Number of bacteria inoculated per piece after 24 Hrs incubation(B)	$ 9.5 \times 10^{5} \\ 9.1 \times 10^{5} \\ 9.4 \times 10^{5} $	9.3×10^{5}

S. No.	Sample (marked as treated)	Count per tile, (in cfu/tile)	Conc. of Inoculum {Average count (C), (in cfu/tile)}	Antimicrobial Activity after 24hrs {log (B/C}
3.	Number of bacteria inoculated per piece after 24 Hrs	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7 \times 10^2 \\ 2.1 \times 10^2 \end{array} $	1.9×10^2	3.6
	incubation(C)	2.0×10^{2}		

Contd. to report no. 247053 (Page 1 of 2)

(EMPLOYEE CODE: Gook)

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P.T.O.



SHRIRAM INSTITUTE FOR INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

(A unit of Shriram Scientific and Industrial Research Foundation)
An ISO - 9001:2008 Certified Institute

TEST CERTIFICATE

000247053

Contd. from report no. 247052 (Page 2 of 2)

2. Antibacterial Resistance against Staphylococcus aureus

5. No.	Control Sample (marked as untreated)	Count per piece of control , (in cfu/ piece)	Conc. of Inoculum {Average count, (in cfu/ piece)
1.	Number of bacteria inoculated per piece at 0 Hrs(A)	8.2×10^{5} 8.0×10^{5} 8.5×10^{5}	8.2 × 10 ⁵
2.	Number of bacteria inoculated per piece after 24Hrs incubation. (B)	9.7×10^{5} 9.4×10^{5} 9.2×10^{5}	9.4× 10 ⁵

S. No.	Sample (marked as treated)	Count per tile , (in cfu/ tile)	Conc. of Inoculum {Average count (C), (in cfu/ tile)}	Antimicrobial Activity after 24hr {log (B/C}
Number of bacteria inoculated per piece after 24 Hrs	C. C	Less than 10		
	er piece after 24 Hrs Less than 10 Less tha	Less than 10	5.9	
	incubation(C)	Less than 10		

Interpretation: The antimicrobial efficacy of Tile was found to be 3.6 against *Escherichia coli* and 5.9 against *Staphylococcus aureus*, which are above the value of 2.0 as per the guideline, hence sample of tile passes the test.

DOR: 11-07-2012 DOC: 30-07-2012

> AUTHORISED SIGNATORY (EMPLOYEE CODE: \$60.6)

Ph: 91-11-27667267, 27667983, 27667860 Fax: 91-11-27667676, 27667207 P.T.O.

19, University Road, Delhi - 110007. F-Mail: sridlhi@vsnl.com Website: http://www.shriraminstitute.org



TEST REPORT

LAB NO.: 1902089/1-2

DATE: 07/12/2019

NAME OF CUSTOMER

: M/S. ORIENT BELL LIMITED

ADDRESS

: 8, A 76 to A 80, Industrial Area, Sikandrabad 203205,

UP, India

REFERENCE

: Your Letter Ref: Nil dated November 21, 2019

Kind Attention: Amit kumar

DATE OF RECEIPT

: 21/11/2019

ODATE OF INITIATION

: 21/11/2019

DATE OF COMPLETION

: 07/12/2019

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

: Tiles specimen labeled as -

Sr. No.	Sample Code	Other details
1.	PGVT Tile	Untreated
2.	PGVT Tile	Treated

Name of Test:

Evaluation of Antimicrobial Activity of Tile sample

Name of Test Protocol:

JIS Z 2801: 2010

Test Organisms used for evaluating Antimicrobial activity:

- Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538
- 2. Escherichia coli ATCC 8739

Test Conditions:

Neutraliser used

: Buffered Saline with Tween 80 - 0.01 %

Contact Time

: 24 hours at 37° C

Incubation Temperature

: 37° C for Bacteria

Media and Reagent

: Soyabean-casein digest agar for Bacteria

Page 1 of 2

Samples are not drawn by the laboratory
 Result relate only to the samples tested
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BIOTECH TESTING SERVICES

Results:

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY

1. Test Bacteria: Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538

	Quantitative Asses	sment of Activity - JI	S Z 2801: 2010	
Untreated : Conc. of in	oculum on untreated sam	ple at 0 hours (A): 1.78	3 x 10 ⁵	Log = 5.25
	oculum on untreated sam			Log = 5.72
Sample Identification	No. Bacteria on treated sample (C)	Log of Bacteria on treated sample	Antimicrobial Activity (R) (Log B-C)	Microbial Kill (% Reduction)
PGVT Tile – Untreated	46000	4.66	1.06	91.32
PGVT Tile – Treated	5100	3.70	2.02	99.03

2. Test Bacteria: Escherichia coli ATCC 8739

	Quantitative Asses	ssment of Activity - JI	S Z 2801: 2010	
Untreated: Conc. of In-	oculum on untreated sam			Log = 5.21
Untreated: Conc. of Inc.	oculum on untreated sam	ple after 24 hour (B): 1.	.20 x10 ⁶	Log = 6.07
Sample Identification	No. Bacteria on treated sample (C)	Log of Bacteria on treated sample	Antimicrobial Activity (R) (Log B-C)	Microbial Kill (% Reduction)
PGVT Tile - Untreated	72000	4.85	1.22	94.00
PGVT Tile - Treated	11700	4.06	2.01	99.02

The Standard Antimicrobial value of Evaluation R ≥ 2.0

COMMENT:

When tested as specified, Tile sample labeled **PGVT Tile- Treated**; **PASSES** the Quantitative Assessment of activity; **PGVT Tile - Untreated**; **FAILS** the Quantitative Assessment of activity for Staphylococcus aureus and Escherichia coli by **JIS Z 2801**: **2010 Test Method**.



For BIOTECH TESTING SERVICES

Dr Shilpa U. Nair Quality Manager (Authorized Signatory)

> 1902089/1 - 2 Page 2 of 2

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BIOTECH TESTING SERVICES

TEST REPORT

LAB NO.: 1902089/5-6

DATE: 07/12/2019

NAME OF CUSTOMER

: M/S. ORIENT BELL LIMITED

ADDRESS

: 8, A 76 to A 80, Industrial Area, Sikandrabad 203205,

UP, India

REFERENCE

: Your Letter Ref: Nil dated November 21, 2019

Kind Attention: Amit kumar

DATE OF RECEIPT

: 21/11/2019

ODATE OF INITIATION

: 21/11/2019

DATE OF COMPLETION

: 07/12/2019

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

: Tiles specimen labeled as -

Sr. No.	Sample Code	Other details
5.	FT Tiles	Untreated
6.	FT Tiles	Treated

Name of Test:

Evaluation of Antimicrobial Activity of Tile sample

Name of Test Protocol:

JIS Z 2801: 2010

Test Organisms used for evaluating Antimicrobial activity:

- 1. Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538
- 2. Escherichia coli ATCC 8739

Test Conditions:

Neutraliser used

: Buffered Saline with Tween 80 - 0.01 %

Contact Time

: 24 hours at 37° C

Incubation Temperature

: 37° C for Bacteria

Media and Reagent

: Soyabean-casein digest agar for Bacteria

Page 1 of 2

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BIOTECH TESTING SERVICES

Results:

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY

1. Test Bacteria: Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538

	Quantitative Asses	sment of Activity - JI	S Z 2801: 2010	
Untreated : Conc. of In	oculum on untreated sam	ple at 0 hours (A): 1.78	3 x 10 ⁵	Log = 5.25
	oculum on untreated sam			Log = 5.72
Sample Identification	No. Bacteria on treated sample (C)	Log of Bacteria on treated sample	Antimicrobial Activity (R) (Log B-C)	Microbial Kill (% Reduction)
FT Tile – Untreated	192000	5.28	0.44	63.77
FT Tile – Treated	4500	3.65	2.07	99.15

2. Test Bacteria: Escherichia coli ATCC 8739

	Quantitative Asses	sment of Activity - Ji	S Z 2801: 2010	
Untreated: Conc. of In-	oculum on untreated sam	ple at 0 hours (A): 1.64	x 10 ⁵	Log = 5.21
	oculum on untreated sam		X	Log = 6.07
Sample Identification	No. Bacteria on treated sample (C)	Log of Bacteria on treated sample	Antimicrobial Activity (R) (Log B-C)	Microbial Kill (% Reduction)
FT Tile – Untreated	210000	5.32	0.75	82.50
FT Tile - Treated	10600	4.02	2.05	99.11

The Standard Antimicrobial value of Evaluation R ≥ 2.0

COMMENT:

When tested as specified, Tile sample labeled FT Tile – Treated; <u>PASSES</u> the Quantitative Assessment of activity; FT Tile - Untreated; <u>FAILS</u> the Quantitative Assessment of activity for Staphylococcus aureus and Escherichia coli by JIS Z 2801: 2010 Test Method.

For BIOTECH TESTING SERVICES

Dr Shilpa U. Nair Quality Manager (Authorized Signatory)

> 1902089/5 - 6 Page 2 of 2

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Packing Details				
Size	No. of Tiles	Covered Area Per Carton		
(In mm.)	Per Carton	(In Sq. Mtr.)	(In Sq. ft.)	
600X600 (SKD)	4	1.44	15.5	

	Group B Ia as per IS	0 13006:2012 and Gro	up B Ib as per IS 15.	622:2017		
Characteristics	Test Methods	Requirement as per ISO 13006 ≤ 0.5 Group B Ia	Requirement as per IS 0.08 <e 3%="" gra<="" th="" ≤=""><th></th><th>OBL Norms</th><th></th></e>		OBL Norms	
Dimension & Surface Quality			Unrectified	Rectified		
Deviation in Length & Width		±0.6%	± 0.4%	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
Deviation in Thickness		±5%	± 5.	0 %	± 4 %	
Straightness of Sides	IC 12/20/P + 1) 000/	±0.5%	± 0.3 %	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
Rectangularity	IS 13630 (Part 1):2006	±0.5%	± 0.3 %	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %	
Surface Flatness		±0.5%	± 0.	5 %	± 0.2 %	99
Surface Quality		Min. 95 % tiles should be free from visible defects	Min. 95 % tiles should be free from visible defects		Conforms	
Physical Properties						
Water Absorption	IS 13630 (Part 2):2006	Avg ≤ 0.5, Individual max, 0.6	Avg 0.08 <e 3,="" i<="" td="" ≤=""><td>ndividual 3.3, Max</td><td>Avg ≤ 0.5, Individual max, 0.6</td><td></td></e>	ndividual 3.3, Max	Avg ≤ 0.5, Individual max, 0.6	
Modulus of Rupture in [N/mm²]	IS 13630 (Part 6):2006	Minimum 35, Individual 32, Min	Avg 30, Indiv	idual 27, Min	Avg 38 Min, Individual 35, Min	99
Breaking Strength in N	IS 13630 (Part 6):2006	< 7.5 mm thickness: 700, Min ≥ 7.5 mm thickness: 1300, Min	< 7.5 mm thick	ness: 700, Min ness: 1100, Min	1500, Min	e e
Moisture Expansion in mm/m	IS 13630 (Part 3):2006	Declare Value	0.02, Max		< 0.02	
Scratch Hardness of Surface (Moh's Scale)	IS 13630 (Part 13):2006	NA	5, Min		5 to 8 Depending on Design/Surface	
Resistance to Surface Abrasion of Glazed Tiles (Class I to V)	IS 13630 (Part 11):2006	Test Method Available	Class II, Min		Class-III to Class-V Depending as per Design / Surface	•
Co-efficient of Linear Thermal Expansion from Ambiant Temperature to 100°C	IS 13630 (Part 4):2006	Test Method Available	7x10°K¹, Max		Conforms	
Thermal Shock Resistance	IS 13630 (Part 5):2006	Test Method Available	10 cycl	es, Min	Passed	
Crazing Resistance	IS 13630 (Part 9):2006	Test Method Available	4 Cycles@2	7.5 bar, Min	4 Cycle @ 7.5 Bar Min	•
Frost Resistance	IS 13630 (Part 10):2006	Required	Requ	ired	Resistance	
Bulk Density, in (g/cc)	IS 13630 (Part 12):2006	NA	2.0,	Min	> 2.1	
Impact Resistance- Coefficient of Restitution	IS 13630 (Part 14):2006	Manufacturer to State	0.55	, Min	0.7-0.85	
Chemical Properties						
Resistance to Staining of Glazed Tiles		Min, Class 3	Class	I, Min	Conforms	
Resistance to Household Chemicals		Min, GA	Class A	A, Min	Conforms	
Resistance to Acids and Alkalis (with exception of hydrofluoric acid and its compounds)	IS 13630 (Part 8):2006	Test Method Available	Required, if agreed		Conforms	

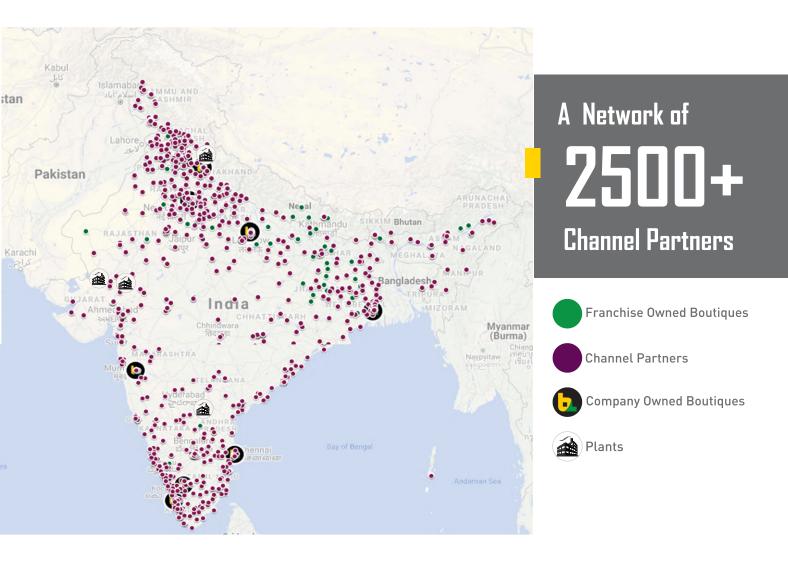
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS Digital Ceramic Wall Tiles

Packing Details				
Size	N. CTIL D. C.	Covered Area Per Carton		
(In mm.)	No. of Tiles Per Carton	(In Sq. Mtr.)	(In Sq. Ft.)	
300X600	6	1.08	11.63	
300X450	6	0.81	8.716	

	(E > .	10 % Group B III) as p	oer IS 1 <i>5</i> 622:201 <i>7</i>		
Characteristics	Standard Test Method	IS 15622:2017 E > 10 % (Group B III)		OBL Norms	
Dimension & Surface Quality		Unrectified	Rectified		
Deviation in Length & Width		± 0.4%	± 0.2 %	Conforms	
Deviation in Thickness	-	± 5.0 %		± 3.00 %	
Straightness of Sides		± 0.2 %	± 0.15 %	Conforms	
Rectangularity	IS 13630 (Part 1):2006	± 0.3 %	± 0.2 %	Conforms	
Surface Flatness		± 0	0.3 %	± 0.20 %	⊕ ⊕
Surface Quality	-	Min. 95 % tiles shall be free from visible defects		Min. 95 % tiles shall be free from visible defects	
Physical Properties					
Water Absorption (%)	IS 13630 (Part 2):2006	Average > 10 %		15±2 %	©
Modulus of Rupture in [N/mm²]	IS 13630 (Part 6):2006	Min 15, for thickness < 7.5 mm Min 12, for thickness≥ 7.5 mm		>15	©
Breaking Strength in N	IS 13630 (Part 6):2006	< 7.5 mm thickness: 200, Min ≥ 7.5 mm thickness: 600, Min		Conforms	©
Moisture Expansion in mm/m	IS 13630 (Part 3):2006	0.04, Max		Conforms	
Scratch Hardness of Surface (Moh's Scale)	IS 13630 (Part 13):2006	3, Min		>3	
Resistance to Surface Abrasion of Glazed Tiles (Class I to V)	IS 13630 (Part 11):2006	Class II, Min		Conforms	
Co-efficient of Linear Thermal Expansion from IS 13630 (Part 4):2006 IS 13630 (Part 4):2006		9x10°K¹, Max		Conforms	
Thermal Shock Resistance	IS 13630 (Part 5):2006	10 cycles, Min		Passed 10 Cycle	
Crazing Resistance Glazed Tiles	IS 13630 (Part 9):2006	4 Cycles@7.5 bar, Min		4 Cycle Passed	⊕ ⊕
Impact Resistance- Coefficient of Restitution	IS 13630 (Part 14):2006	0.55, Min		>0.55	
Chemical Properties					
Resistance to Staining of Glazed Tiles		Class I, Min		Conforms	
Resistance to Household Chemicals IS 13630 (Part 8):2006		Class AA, Min		Conforms	
Resistance to Acids and Alkalis (with exception of hydrofluoric acid and its compound)		Required, if agreed		Resistant	

Packing Details				
Size No. of Tiles		Covered Area Per Carton		
(In mm.)	Per Carton	(In Sq. Mtr.)	(In Sq. ft.)	
300X300-Digital (SKD)	12	1.08	11.62	

	As Per Indian Star	ndards (IS 15622:2017	7) Group B IIa			
Characteristics	Testing Methods	Required as per IS 15622:2017 3 < E ≤ 6 % (Group B II α)		OBL Norms	OBL Norms	
Dimension & Surface Quality		Unrectified	Rectified			
Deviation in Length & Width		± 0.4 %	± 0.1 %	Conforms		
Deviation in Thickness		± 5.0 %		±4.0%	±4.0%	
Straightness of Sides		± 0.3 %	± 0.1 %	Conforms		
Rectangularity	IS 13630 Part 1/ ISO 10545-2	± 0.3 %	± 0.1 %	Conforms		
Surface Flatness		± 0	5 %	± 0.3 %	99	
Surface Quality		Min. 95 % tiles should be free from visible defects		Conforms		
Physical Properties						
Water Absorption	IS 13630 Part 2/ ISO 10545-3	Avg 3 < E ≤ 6, Individual Max,6.2		5-6%		
Modulus of Rupture in [N/mm²]		Avg 22, Individual 20, Min		>28	88	
Breaking Strength in N	IS 13630 Part 6/ ISO 10545-4	< 7.5 mm thickness: 600, Min ≥ 7.5 mm thickness: 1000, Min		>1000	88	
Moisture Expansion in mm/m	IS 13630 Part 3	0.03, Max		< 0.03		
Scratch Hardness of Surface (Moh's Scale)	IS 13630 Part 13	4, Min		Min 5		
Resistance to Surface Abrasion of Glazed Tiles (Class I to V)	IS 13630 Part 11 / ISO 10545-7	Class II, Min		PEI Class 3-5 (depending on surface)		
Co-efficient of Linear Thermal Expansion from Ambiant Temperature to 100°C	IS 13630 Part 4/ ISO 10545-8	9x10°K',Max		Conforms		
Thermal Shock Resistance	IS 13630 Part 5	10 cycle	es, Min	Passed		
Crazing Resistance	IS 13630 Part 9/ ISO 10545-9	4 Cycles@7.5 bar, Min		Passed	•	
Frost Resistance	IS 13630 Part 10	Required, if agreed		NA		
Impact Resistance- Coefficient of Restitution	IS 13630 Part 14	0.55, Min		Conforms		
Chemical Properties						
Resistance to Staining of Glazed Tiles		Class	I, Min	Conforms		
Resistance to Household Chemicals	IS 13630 Part 8/	IS 13630 Part 8/ Class AA, Min ISO 10545-13 and ISO 10545-14 Required, if agreed		Conforms		
Resistance to Acids and Alkalis (with exception of hydrofluoric acid and its compounds)				Conforms		



ORIENT BELL TILE BOUTIQUE

CHANDIGARH

SCO - 6, First Floor, Sector 7-C, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh-160 019, Tel.: +91 172 4624 342

CHENNAI

New No: 85, Old No: 30, Maharaja Tower, 2nd Floor, 1st Avenue, Ashok Nagar, (Above Kotak Mahindra Bank), Chennai-600 083, Tel.: +91 44 4213 8687

COCHIN

"SURYA GAYATRI", Building No. 32/8, B3, Puthiya Road, New Junction, (Opposite Holiday Inn Hotel) Ernakulam By Pass Road, Cochin-682 031 Tel.: +91 97457 68058

COIMBATORE

11, 1st Floor, Venkata Samy Road (East), R.S. Puram, Coimbatore-641 002, Tel.: +91 89799 41666

DEHRADUN

Duggal Complex (Near Kamla Palace Hotel), GMS Road, Dehradun-248 001, Tel.: +91 97197 01064

KOLKATA

8/1, Burdwan Road, Alipore, Kolkata-700 027, Tel.: +91 33 4068 4046/7

LUCKNOW

Raj Rani Apartment, Ground Floor, Near Beej Nigam, Badhshah Nagar Railway Station, Lucknow-226 006,

Tel.: +91 99847 86404

NEW DELHI

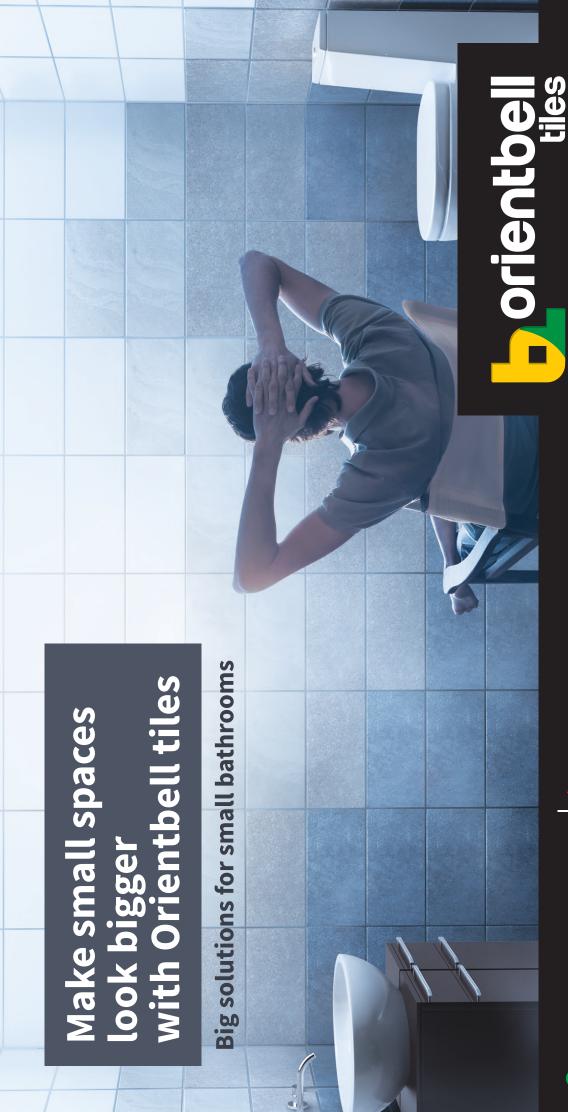
M-47, GK-II, M Block, New Delhi-110 048, Tel.: +91 11 4068 7468/69

PUNE

Shop No. 3 and 4, A Tower Vega Centre, C.T.S No. 710, Final Plot No. 401/1, Shankarasheth Road, Gultekdi, Swargate, Pune-411 037 Tel.: +91 73910 72247

VADODRA DISPLAY CENTRE

78-79, 2nd Floor, Surya Kiran Complex, Beside Banker Heart Institute, Old Padra Road, Vadodara-390007, Gujarat Tel.: +91 98254 14113



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